

Disclosure Relating to Residential Mortgage

(As of June 30, 2022)

I. Definition of insured and uninsured residential mortgage

An insured residential mortgage may be defined as a mortgage that carries an insurance policy that would protect a lender and/or title holder in the event that the borrower defaults on payment, or is unable to meet the contractual obligations of the mortgage. A mortgage loan that does not carry mortgage insurance is deemed to be uninsured.

For the time being, the Bank does not grant “high-ratio mortgage” loans (i.e. loan-to-value ratio over 80%) which need to be insured. That is to say, all residential mortgage loans granted are uninsured.

II. Residential Mortgage Loans to Individual Borrowers

1. Amount and percentage of the total residential mortgage loans and HELOCs (in CAD millions):

Geographic	Residential Mortgages		HELOCs		Sub Total	
Ontario	92.34	79.86%	2.40	2.07%	94.74	81.93%
British Columbia	19.56	16.91%	1.34	1.16%	20.90	18.07%
Total in Canada	111.90	96.77%	3.74	3.23%	115.64	100%
Other Country	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Portfolio	111.90	96.77%	3.74	3.23%	115.64	100%

2. The percentage of residential mortgage loans falling within various remaining amortization period:

Remaining Amortization (Years)	1 - 10	11 - 15	16 - 20	21 - 25	26 - 30	Total
%	6.89%	8.08%	16.14%	24.84%	44.04%	100%

3. Average LTV ratio (including a geographic breakdown) for the newly originated (from December 2012) uninsured residential mortgages and HELOCs:

Product Type	Average LTV Ratio		
	Overall	Ontario	British Columbia
Residential Mortgages	52.84%	54.94%	41.22%
HELOCs	66.33%	66.33%	0%

III. Residential Mortgage Loans to Personal Investment/Holding Company, Personal Trust(PHC) Borrowers

Uninsured residential mortgage loans to PHC since January 1, 2018 disclose as following table:

Geographic	Outstanding Balance (in CAD millions)	Average LTV	Average Remaining Amortization (Years)
ON	0	0	0
BC	0.20	41.67%	30
Sub Total	0.20	41.67%	30

IV. In the event of an economic downturn, the potential impact on the Bank’s residential mortgages and HELOCs shall be deemed low since the underlying portfolio is well secured with average LTV ratio being less than 70% . In addition, the Bank regularly monitors the residential mortgage portfolio including performing regular stress tests on property market value.